AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (currently amended) An implantable prosthesis, comprising:
 - (a) a prosthetic component having first and second surfaces, the second surface adapted to be oriented toward bone in which component is to be implanted;
 - (b) at least one opening extending from the first surface to the second surface; the opening adapted to receive an—more than one type of insertion member and comprising (i) an extended frustoconical taper section extending from the first surface through a substantial portion of the opening and (ii) a section at the second surface having a smaller diameter than the portion of the taper at the first surface, the opening adapted to accommodate an insertion member at multiple orientations relative to the component; and
 - (c) an insertion member having a spherical or near-spherical head and adapted to be inserted into the opening such that the spherical or near-spherical head interfaces with the extended frustoconical taper section.
- 2. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein once the appropriate orientation of the insertion member is selected, the insertion member is adapted to be locked relative to the frustoconical taper section such that the head of the insertion member does not protrude beyond the first surface.

U.S. Serial No. 10/083,093

Filed: February 26, 2002

Amendment and Reply under 37 C.F.R. 1.111
Page 3 of 17

3. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein the section at the second

surface is a flat edge, a chamfered edge, a beveled surface, a rounded surface, or a spherical

surface.

4. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein the spherical or near-spherical

head comprises an outer edge that is spherical, near-spherical, toroidal, elliptical, global,

slightly curved, or rounded.

5. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein the insertion member comprises

one or more of a bone screw, a bone peg, a bone spike, or an aperture cover.

6. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein the spherical or near-spherical

head comprises a sliced portion of a sphere having a center point and wherein the head

includes the center point.

7. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein the opening has an inner wall,

the spherical or near-spherical head has an outer rim, and wherein the insertion member is

adapted to be inserted into the opening at an angle while maintaining a constant point contact

between the inner wall and the outer rim.

Amendment and Reply under 37 C.F.R. 1.111

rage 4 of 17

8. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein the prosthesis comprises a hip

replacement system and wherein the first and second surfaces are surfaces of an acetabular

cup.

9. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein the interface between the

spherical or near-spherical head and the extended taper section comprises a liquid-tight seal.

10. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 1, wherein the opening is a universal-type

opening and wherein the insertion member comprises any one of bone screw, a bone peg, a

bone spike, or an aperture cover, wherein any one of the bone screw, a bone peg, a bone

spike, or an aperture cover comprises a universal-type spherical or near-spherical head that

corresponds to the universal-type opening.

11. (currently amended) An implantable prosthesis, comprising:

(a) a prosthetic component having first and second surfaces, the second surface adapted

to be oriented toward bone in which component is to be implanted;

(b) at least one opening extending from the first surface to the second surface; the

opening adapted to receive an-more than one type of insertion member and comprising (i) an

extended frustoconical taper section extending from the first surface through a substantial

portion of the opening and (ii) a rounded section at the second surface having a smaller

diameter than the portion of the taper at the first surface, the opening adapted to

accommodate an insertion member at multiple orientations relative to the component.

Amendment and Reply under 37 C.F.R. 1.111

Page 5 of 17

12. (original) The implantable prosthesis of claim 11, wherein the opening is adapted to

accommodate a spherical or near-spherical head insertion member such that the head of the

insertion member interfaces with the extended frustoconical taper section.

13. (currently amended) An acetabular implant for fixation to a patient, comprising:

(a) an acetabular cup having an inner surface, an outer surface, and at least one

opening extending from the inner surface to the outer surface, the outer surface

adapted to be oriented toward bone in which component is to be implanted;

(b) the at least one opening having an extended frustoconical tapered section

beginning at the inner surface; and

(c) a member for insertion into the opening, the member comprising a head

having a spherically or near-spherically shaped portion that is adapted to interface

with the extended frustoconical tapered section to lock and retain the insertion

member at a desired orientation relative to the opening,

wherein the at least one opening is adapted to accommodate more than one type of insertion

member.

14. (currently amended) The acetabular implant of claim 13, wherein once the appropriate

orientation of the insertion member is selected, the insertion member is adapted to be locked

relative to the frustoconical taper section such that the head of the insertion member does not

protrude beyond the first-inner surface.

Amendment and Reply under 37 C.F.R. 1.111

Page 6 of 17

15. (original) The acetabular implant of claim 13, wherein the spherical or near-spherical

head comprises an outer edge that is spherical, near-spherical, toroidal, elliptical, global,

slightly curved, or rounded.

16. (original) The acetabular implant of claim 13, wherein the opening has an inner wall,

the spherical or near-spherical head has an outer rim, and wherein the insertion member is

adapted to be inserted into the opening at an angle while maintaining a constant point contact

between the inner wall and the outer rim.

17. (original) The acetabular implant of claim 13, wherein the interface between the

spherical or near-spherical head and the extended taper section comprises a liquid-tight seal.

18. (original) The acetabular implant of claim 13, wherein the member comprises a bone

screw, a bone peg, a bone spike, or an opening cover.

19. (original) An insertion member for use with a prosthesis having a universal connecting

portion, comprising:

(a) a head having an outer edge shaped to approximate at least a portion of a

sphere, a near-sphere, a toroid, an ellipse, a globe, a slight curve, or rounded portion;

and

Page 7 of 17

(b) a portion extending from the head adapted to be received by an opening of the

prosthesis.

20. (original) The insertion member of claim 19, wherein the insertion member comprises a

bone peg, a bone screw, a bone spike, or an opening cover.

21. (original) The insertion member of claim 19, further comprising a prosthesis having an

opening with an extended frustoconical taper section and wherein the head of the insertion

member is adapted to interface and lock with the opening.

22. (original) The insertion member of claim 21, wherein the interface between the head

and the extended taper section comprises a liquid-tight seal.

23. (original) The insertion member of claim 19, wherein the head comprises a sliced

portion of a sphere or a near-sphere having a center point and wherein the head includes the

center point.

24. (original) The insertion member of claim 19, wherein the opening has an inner wall, the

head has an outer rim, and wherein the insertion member is adapted to be inserted into the

opening at an angle while maintaining a constant point contact between the inner wall and

the outer rim.

7

ATLLIB01 1578156.1

25. (currently amended) An acetabular implant for fixation to a patient, comprising:

(a) an acetabular cup having an inner surface, an outer surface, and at least one

opening extending from the inner surface to the outer surface,

(b) the at least one opening having an extended frustoconical tapered section

beginning at the inner surface and a second section at the outer surface having a

diameter smaller than the diameter at the inner surface;

(c) a member for insertion into the opening, the member comprising a head

having a spherically or near-spherically-shaped portion that is adapted to interface

with the frustoconical extended tapered section to lock and retain the insertion

member at a desired orientation relative to the opening,

wherein the at least one opening is adapted to accommodate more than one type of insertion

member.

26. (original) The acetabular cup of claim 25, further comprising:

(d) a liner for lining the inner surface of the acetabular cup; and

(e) a femoral component for insertion into a patient's femur and adapted to

cooperate with the acetabular cup and liner.

27. (currently amended) A method of replacing at least part of a hip joint in a patient,

comprising:

(a) providing an acetabular cup having an inner surface, an outer surface, and at

least one opening extending from the inner surface to the outer surface; the opening

Page 9 of 17

adapted to receive an more than one type of insertion member and comprising (i) an

extended frustoconical taper section extending from the first surface through a

substantial portion of the opening and (ii) a section at the second surface having a

smaller diameter than the portion of the taper at the first surface, the opening adapted

to accommodate an insertion member at multiple orientations relative to the

component; and

(b) providing at least one insertion member having a spherical or near-spherical

head and adapted to be inserted into the opening such that the spherical or near-

spherical head interfaces with the extended frustoconical taper section;

(c) preparing the bone of the patient's hip to receive the acetabular cup; and

(d) implanting the acetabular cup,

wherein once the appropriate orientation of the insertion member is selected, the

insertion member is adapted to be locked relative to the frustoconical taper section.

28. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the head of the insertion member does not

protrude beyond the first surface.

29. (original) The method of claim 27, further comprising providing an acetabular cup liner

and positioning the acetabular cup liner in the acetabular cup.

Page 10 of 17

30. (original) The method of claim 27, further comprising providing a femoral prosthesis

and positioning the femoral prosthesis in a patient's femur, such that the femoral prosthesis

can cooperate with the acetabular cup.

31. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein once the appropriate orientation of the

insertion member is selected, the insertion member is adapted to be locked relative to the

frustoconical taper section such that the head of the insertion member does not protrude

beyond the first surface.

32. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the section at the second surface is a flat

edge, a chamfered edge, a beveled surface, a rounded surface, or a spherical surface.

33. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the spherical or near-spherical head

comprises an outer edge that is spherical, near-spherical, toroidal, elliptical, global, slightly

curved, or rounded.

34. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the insertion member comprises one or

more of a bone screw, a bone peg, a bone spike, or an aperture cover.

35. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the spherical or near-spherical head

comprises a sliced portion of a sphere having a center point and wherein the head includes

the center point.

10

ATLLIB01 1578156.1

Amendment and Reply under 37 C.F.R. 1.111

Page 11 of 17

36. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the opening has an inner wall, the spherical

or near-spherical head has an outer rim, and wherein the insertion member is adapted to be

inserted into the opening at an angle while maintaining a constant point contact between the

inner wall and the outer rim.

37. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the interface between the spherical or near-

spherical head and the extended taper section comprises a liquid-tight seal.

38. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the opening is a universal-type opening and

wherein the insertion member comprises any one of bone screw, a bone peg, a bone spike, or

an aperture cover, wherein any one of the bone screw, a bone peg, a bone spike, or an

aperture cover comprises a universal-type spherical or near-spherical head that corresponds

to the universal-type opening.